### Pupil premium strategy statement – Wymondham College

This statement details our school's use of pupil premium (and recovery premium) funding to help improve the attainment of our disadvantaged pupils.

It outlines our pupil premium strategy, how we intend to spend the funding in this academic year and the outcomes for disadvantaged pupils last academic year.

### **School overview**

Detail	Data
Number of pupils in school	1443
Proportion (%) of pupil premium eligible pupils (Main School)	95 Students (9%)
Proportion (%) of Service Pupil Premium eligible pupils (Main School and Sixth form)	50 students (3%)
Academic year/years that our current pupil premium strategy plan covers (3 year plans are recommended – you must still publish an updated statement each academic year)	September 2024 – 2027
Date this statement was published	December 2024
Date on which it will be reviewed	September 2025
Statement authorised by	Mrs Zoe Fisher (Principal)
Pupil premium lead	Mrs F Daniels (assistant Principal)
Governor / Trustee lead	Peter Rout

## **Funding overview**

Detail	Amount
Pupil premium funding allocation this academic year	£183,980
Service Pupil Premium allocation this academic year	£17,000
Recovery premium funding allocation this academic year Recovery premium received in academic year 2023/24 cannot be carried forward beyond August 31, 2024.	£Nil
Pupil premium funding carried forward from previous years (enter £0 if not applicable)	£Nil
Total budget for this academic year	£200,980
If your school is an academy in a trust that pools this funding, state the amount available to your school this academic year	

### Part A: Pupil premium strategy plan

#### Statement of intent

At Wymondham College, our mission is to foster the highest levels of progress, achievement, and personal development for every student, regardless of their socio-economic background. We take pride in delivering an exceptional, comprehensive, and well-rounded educational experience that supports our students' growth and fully prepares them for life beyond our college.

We strive for curriculum equity through Quality First Teaching that caters to the unique needs of each learner, complemented by tailored pastoral and academic support. This approach enables a responsive school-wide model built on thorough diagnostic assessments, leading to success for students facing socio-economic challenges by:

- Ensuring that the Pupil Premium funding allocated to our school is utilised for its intended purpose.
- Maintaining transparency in our reporting on the use of Pupil Premium, so all stakeholders are informed about the impact of this additional resource.
- Actively promoting the uptake of Free School Meals (FSM) by engaging sensitively with parents and carers and providing guidance on the application process.
- Recognising that Pupil Premium, Looked After Children, Services, and Bursary pupils are diverse groups, and addressing their individual needs.
- Implementing Quality First Teaching and Learning, along with high-quality early interventions supported by evidence, to assist any student requiring additional help, whether academically, emotionally, or in extracurricular activities.
- Continuously evaluating the effectiveness of these interventions and adjusting as needed to maximise the funding's impact.

Our core values of Pride, Passion, and Positivity guide all our actions and initiatives. We are dedicated to cultivating a compassionate and caring community that collaborates effectively, honours tradition, and welcomes change. Through our Pupil Premium Strategy, we aim to provide every student with the opportunity to uncover their talents, achieve excellence, and build the resilience necessary to thrive in an ever-evolving world.

By adhering to these principles and consistently seeking improvement, we aspire to be recognised as one of the leading selective schools in the country, offering a rich curriculum and focused support that empowers every child to pursue their aspirations.

# Challenges

This details the key challenges to achievement that we have identified among our disadvantaged pupils.

Challenge number	Detail of challenge	
1	Literacy and Numeracy Gaps Disadvantaged pupils often enter secondary school with lower literacy and numeracy levels, which can hinder their ability to access the full curriculum, particularly in subjects that require strong foundational skills. This has an impact on overall GCSE results in English and Maths.	
2	Engagement and Motivation  Some disadvantaged pupils may struggle with engagement in learning due to external factors, which impacts their overall motivation and attendance. This can lead to gaps in knowledge and missed opportunities for progress.	
3	Impact of COVID-19 and Learning Loss The pandemic has disproportionately impacted disadvantaged pupils, leading to learning loss and a need for targeted academic recovery interventions to bridge gaps in learning. This has resulted in knowledge gaps, resulting in disadvantaged pupils falling further behind agerelated expectations, especially in maths.	
4	Aspirational and Cultural Capital Deficits Disadvantaged pupils may have limited exposure to aspirational experiences, higher education pathways, and cultural enrichment opportunities, which can affect their long-term goals and aspirations.	
5	Limited Access to Resources and Support Outside School  Due to financial constraints, many disadvantaged pupils lack access to educational resources, including books, technology, and private tutoring, which limits their ability to reinforce learning outside of school hours.	
6	Social and Emotional Wellbeing A proportion of our disadvantaged pupils face social, emotional, and mental health challenges, which can affect their focus and resilience in the school environment. Ensuring robust pastoral care is essential to support these pupils in overcoming these barriers.	
7	Attendance and Persistent Absenteeism Disadvantaged pupils often experience lower attendance rates and higher levels of persistent absenteeism due to a range of socioeconomic and health-related factors. Poor attendance contributes to gaps in learning and disrupts progress across the curriculum.	

### Intended outcomes.

This explains the outcomes we are aiming for **by the end of our current strategy plan**, and how we will measure whether they have been achieved.

Intended outcome	Success criteria
Increase attendance among disadvantaged pupils to match or exceed national averages.	Achieve a 95% attendance rate among disadvantaged pupils.  Reduce persistent absenteeism (pupils missing 10% or more school days) by at least 20%.  Termly attendance reviews show steady improvement towards the annual goal.
Narrow the attainment gap in literacy and numeracy between disadvantaged and non-disadvantaged pupils by providing targeted interventions and support to ensure positive GCSE outcomes.	Achieve at least a 10% improvement in literacy and numeracy scores among disadvantaged pupils by year-end.  Disadvantaged pupils to achieve a minimum of expected progress on standardised assessments.  75% of disadvantaged pupils reach agerelated expectations in reading and mathematics.
Increase engagement levels, as reflected in active participation in lessons and extracurricular activities, leading to improved academic progress and positive behaviour.	15% increase in disadvantaged pupils participating in extracurricular activities. 20% reduction in behaviour incidents among disadvantaged pupils. Pupil feedback surveys show an improvement in engagement and enjoyment of school.
Continue to closely monitor and support the emotional and social wellbeing of disadvantaged students across the school.	15% increase in disadvantaged pupils participating in extracurricular activities. 20% reduction in behaviour incidents among disadvantaged pupils. Pupil feedback surveys show an improvement in engagement and enjoyment of school.
Provide clear and consistent communication with parents and carers	90%+ attendance at parent evenings and engagement events, responding to 95% of parental queries within 48 hours Newsletters Collecting feedback through annual surveys with at least 75% participation and an 85%+ satisfaction rate.
Ensuring adaptive teaching for all	95% of observed lessons demonstrating effective differentiation

	90%+ of students meeting or exceeding their target grades 100% of staff attending at least one CPD session on adaptive teaching annually.
All PP pupils will take part in C.E.I.A.G. (Careers Information Advice and Guidance) activities which broaden knowledge of careers and ensure informed choices as to the next steps of their learning from year 7.	Having at least two independent careers interviews at KS4.  Being mentored by a specialist mentor during KS4.  All PP students making successful progression choices by the end of KS4

# Activity in this academic year

This details how we intend to spend our pupil premium (and recovery premium) funding this academic year to address the challenges listed above.

### Teaching (for example, CPD, recruitment and retention)

Budgeted cost: £ [insert amount]

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Enhancement of our maths teaching and curriculum planning in line with DfE KS3 and EEF guidance.  We will fund teacher release time to embed key elements of the guidance in school, and to access Maths Hub resources and CPD offers (including Teaching for Mastery training).	The DfE non-statutory KS3 guidance has been produced in conjunction with the National Centre for Excellence in the Teaching of Mathematics, drawing on evidence-based approaches:  Teaching mathematics at key stage  To teach maths well, teachers need to assess pupils' prior knowledge and understanding effectively, employ manipulatives and representations, teach problem solving strategies, and help pupils to develop more complex mental models:  Improving Mathematics in Key Stages 2 and 3	1,3,5
Purchase of standardised diagnostic assessments.	When used effectively, diagnostic assessments can indicate areas for development for individual pupils, or across classes and year groups:	1,2,3

Training will be provided for staff to ensure assessments are interpreted correctly. When used effectively, diagnostic assessments can indicate areas for development for individual pupils, or across classes and year groups:  Diagnostic assessment   EEF	Diagnostic assessment   EEF	
Improving literacy in all subject areas in line with recommendations in the EEF Improving Literacy in Secondary Schools guidance.  Whole school	Acquiring disciplinary literacy is key for students as they learn new, more complex concepts in each subject:  Improving Literacy in Secondary Schools  Reading comprehension, vocabulary and other literacy skills are heavily linked with attainment in all subjects:  word-gap (Oxford University Press)	1,2
initiative linked to reading for all		

# Targeted academic support (for example, tutoring, one-to-one support, structured interventions)

Budgeted cost: £ [insert amount]

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Engaging with the MyTutor programme to provide a blend of one-to-one online tuition, mentoring, and school-led tutoring for pupils whose education has been most impacted by the pandemic. A significant proportion	Tuition targeted at specific needs and knowledge gaps can be an effective method to support low attaining pupils or those falling behind, both one-to-one:  One to one tuition   Teaching and Learning Toolkit   EEF  And in small groups:	1,2,3

of the pupils receiving this support are from disadvantaged backgrounds, including highattaining students, to ensure they reach their full potential.	Small group tuition   Teaching and Learning Toolkit   EEF	
The targeted tutor intervention for English and Maths focuses on providing personalised support to address specific areas of need, ensuring students build the foundational skills required for success.	The Education Endowment Foundation (EEF) has found that one-to-one tuition can accelerate learning by up to five months over an academic year, with the most significant gains observed among disadvantaged students.  One to one tuition   Teaching and Learning Toolkit   EEF	1,2,3

# Wider strategies (for example, related to attendance, behaviour, wellbeing)

Budgeted cost: £ [insert amount]

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Embedding good practice set out in DfE's guidance on working together to improve school attendance.	The DfE guidance has been informed by engagement with schools that have significantly reduced persistent absence levels.	6,7
Staff training and release time to develop and implement procedures. Attendance/support officers will be appointed to improve attendance.		
Provide additional support for the College Wellbeing Centre so that identified PP & SPP students are provided with timely support.	EEF Teaching and Learning tool kit: Social and Emotional Learning	6

Provide financial support for students to engage with the	EEF Teaching and Learning tool kit:  Arts Participation  EEF Teaching and Learning tool kit:	4,5,6	
College's curriculum enhancement	Outdoor Adventure Learning EEF Teaching and Learning tool kit:		
	Sports Participation		

Total budgeted cost: £ [insert sum of 3 amounts stated above]

### Part B: Review of the previous academic year

### Outcomes for disadvantaged pupils

In the previous academic year, disadvantaged pupils at our school achieved a Progress 8 score of -0.06. While this is below the whole-school average of +0.37 and national expectations, it demonstrates that disadvantaged pupils are making progress, albeit at a slower pace. Encouragingly, 39% of disadvantaged pupils achieved a Grade 5+ in English and Maths, compared to 65% of their non-disadvantaged peers. Although there remains a gap, this figure is an improvement from previous years and smaller than the national average, reflecting the impact of our targeted support. Disadvantaged pupils' EBacc entry rates, while lower than their peers', provide an opportunity for further development in subjects such as languages and sciences. Overall, while outcomes for disadvantaged pupils are not yet in line with national averages, progress is being made in key areas.

Nationally, there has been a widening attainment gap between disadvantaged pupils and their peers, a trend that has intensified since the COVID-19 pandemic. Our school's performance reflects these broader challenges. For example, attendance among disadvantaged pupils stood at 88%, compared to 94% for their non-disadvantaged peers. Despite this disparity, we have seen positive outcomes from our attendance initiatives, which are starting to address persistent absenteeism. Behaviour data shows that there was greater number of disadvantaged pupils that required interventions compared to non-disadvantaged pupils, yet our mentoring programmes and pastoral support are helping to improve engagement and reduce incidents.

Our targeted interventions are having a tangible impact. Programmes such as one-to-one tutoring and additional support in English and Maths have helped to improve outcomes for disadvantaged pupils, with more achieving Grade 5+ compared to prepandemic levels. Attendance mentoring and pastoral initiatives have shown promise in re-engaging pupils and addressing barriers to learning. While gaps in language and EBacc participation persist, these challenges represent areas of opportunity for future growth. We are committed to building on the progress made so far and continuing to adapt our strategies to meet pupils' needs.

Looking ahead, we are optimistic about the potential for further improvement. The school is on track to increase Grade 5+ attainment for disadvantaged pupils, and we are confident that with additional focus on Progress 8 and EBacc entries, outcomes will continue to improve. Our plans include enhanced subject-based interventions to encourage greater EBacc participation, expanded mental health support to address wellbeing challenges, and a more refined use of formative assessments to tailor interventions to individual pupils' needs.

While there is still work to be done, we are proud of the progress our disadvantaged pupils are making and the impact of our strategies so far. This evaluation underscores our commitment to closing the attainment gap and ensuring every pupil can succeed.

### **Externally provided programmes**

Please include the names of any non-DfE programmes that you used your pupil premium (or recovery premium) to fund in the previous academic year.

Programme	Provider
CPD	Princes Training Institute (PTI)
Cognitive Analysis & English Progress Tracking	GL Assessment
Reading test	GL Assessment NGRT/ Scholastic/YARC
Vocabulary enhancement	Bedrock
FFT Aspire	Attendance Tracker

### **Service pupil premium funding (optional)**

For schools that receive this funding, you may wish to provide the following information: How our service pupil premium allocation was spent last academic year

Last academic year, the Service Pupil Premium (SPP) funding was carefully allocated to support the specific needs of children from Armed Forces families. The funding allowed us to implement a range of targeted initiatives aimed at enhancing both the academic and emotional wellbeing of our service students, fostering a sense of belonging and ensuring they feel valued within the school community.

One of the key initiatives was the creation of a badge designed by a service student, which was distributed to all service students. This not only celebrated their unique contributions but also helped to build a sense of identity and pride among the group. Additionally, a dedicated stall at the school's gala day raised awareness of service students within the wider school community, promoting inclusivity and understanding.

To better understand the needs and experiences of service students, a tailored questionnaire was developed and distributed. The insights gained have been invaluable in shaping our strategies and ensuring that the support provided is relevant and impactful. Alongside this, training sessions were delivered to boarding staff to deepen their understanding of the challenges faced by service students and to equip

them with the skills to offer tailored support. This training has significantly enhanced the care provided within our boarding facilities.

Wellbeing and emotional support for service students were also prioritised.

Complimentary resources from Little Troopers were provided to the wellbeing team, offering bespoke tools to address the unique challenges faced by these students.

Additionally, a range of library books tailored to service students was funded and ordered, providing relatable and supportive materials to aid their emotional wellbeing. The Little Troopers newsletter was also distributed to all service students, giving them access to further support and inspirational content.

We strengthened our connections both internally and externally to improve the support network for service students. Within the school, we raised awareness of service students in all Houses, fostering a more inclusive environment. Externally, we established closer links with the PREP school, ensuring continuity in support for service students transitioning between key stages. Meetings were also held with an agent who connects schools with military families, allowing us to better understand their specific needs and adapt our provision accordingly.

In addition to these initiatives, the school actively promoted and participated in Remembrance Day activities. This provided an opportunity to honour the contributions of Armed Forces families and reinforced the importance of service within our school community.

Looking ahead, the focus this year is on delivering one-to-one academic tutoring, starting with Year 11 students. This targeted support will address specific academic needs, ensuring service pupils are equipped to excel in their studies and achieve strong outcomes. Furthermore, we are adopting a more community-focused approach, fostering collaboration among students, families, and staff. This will help to create a supportive network where service students feel connected and empowered to succeed both academically and socially.

Our Service Pupil Premium allocation has been instrumental in creating a more inclusive and supportive environment for our service students. By addressing both their academic and emotional needs, these initiatives have helped to ensure they thrive within our school. We are proud of the progress made and remain committed to building on these successes in the years to come.

#### The impact of that spending on service pupil premium eligible pupils

The Service Pupil Premium (SPP) funding has delivered measurable improvements for eligible pupils. Attendance among service pupils increased by 5%, and anxiety-related wellbeing issues decreased based on survey responses.

Pastoral care quality improved, with 100% of boarding staff completing training specific to service pupil needs. Participation in extracurricular activities was high, reflecting enhanced emotional resilience. Awareness initiatives, including the badge project and Remembrance Day participation, increased community engagement.

This year's focus on one-to-one tutoring for Year 11 aims to improve attainment and further close gaps in progress, supporting the continued success of service pupils.

### **Further information (optional)**

### **Additional activity**

Our pupil premium strategy will be supplemented by additional activity that is not being funded by pupil premium. That will include:

- embedding more effective practice around feedback. <u>EEF evidence on feedback</u> demonstrates it has significant benefits, particularly for disadvantaged pupils.
- ensuring pupils understand our 'catch-up' plan by providing information about the support they will receive (including targeted interventions listed above), and what is expected of them. This will help to address concerns around learning loss - one of the main drivers of pupil anxiety.
- offering a range of high-quality extra-curricular activities through our Wymondham Life programme to boost wellbeing, behaviour, attendance, and aspiration. Activities (e.g., The Duke of Edinburgh's Award), will focus on life skills such as confidence, resilience, and socialising. Disadvantaged pupils will be encouraged and supported to participate.

### Planning, implementation, and evaluation

In reviewing our current pupil premium strategy, we evaluated why activity undertaken in the previous year had not had the degree of impact that we had expected. We will commission a pupil premium review to get an external perspective.

We triangulated evidence from multiple sources of data including exams and assessments, engagement in class book scrutiny, and conversations with parents, students and teachers to identify the challenges faced by disadvantaged pupils. We also contacted schools local to us with high-performing disadvantaged pupils to learn from their approach.

We looked at several reports and studies about effective use of pupil premium, the impact of disadvantage on education outcomes and how to address challenges to learning presented by socio-economic disadvantage. We also looked at several studies about the impact of the pandemic on disadvantaged pupils.

We used the <u>EEF's implementation guidance</u> to help us develop our strategy and will continue to use it through the implementation of our activities.

We have implemented a robust evaluation framework for the duration of our three-year strategy and will adjust our plan over time to secure better outcomes for pupils.